



# Spatio-temporal influence of ENSO on terrestrial water storage change in the Yangtze River basin

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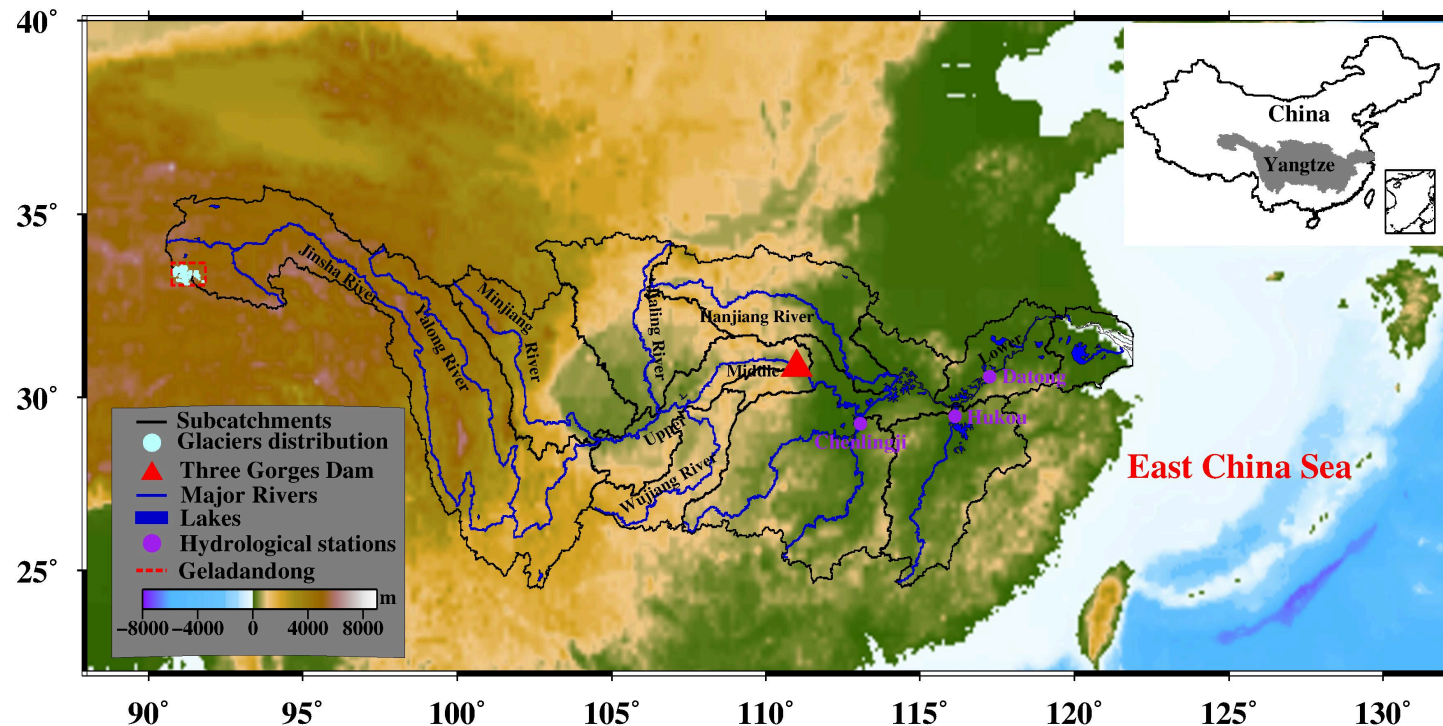
- » Motivations
  - » Data and Methods
  - » Results
  - » Discuss and Conclusions
-

# Motivations



## » The Yangtze River Basin (YRB)

- the longest river in China, with a total length of 6300km
- originates in the Qinghai-Tibet Plateau, terminates at the East China Sea
- mainly controlled by a subtropical and temperate monsoon

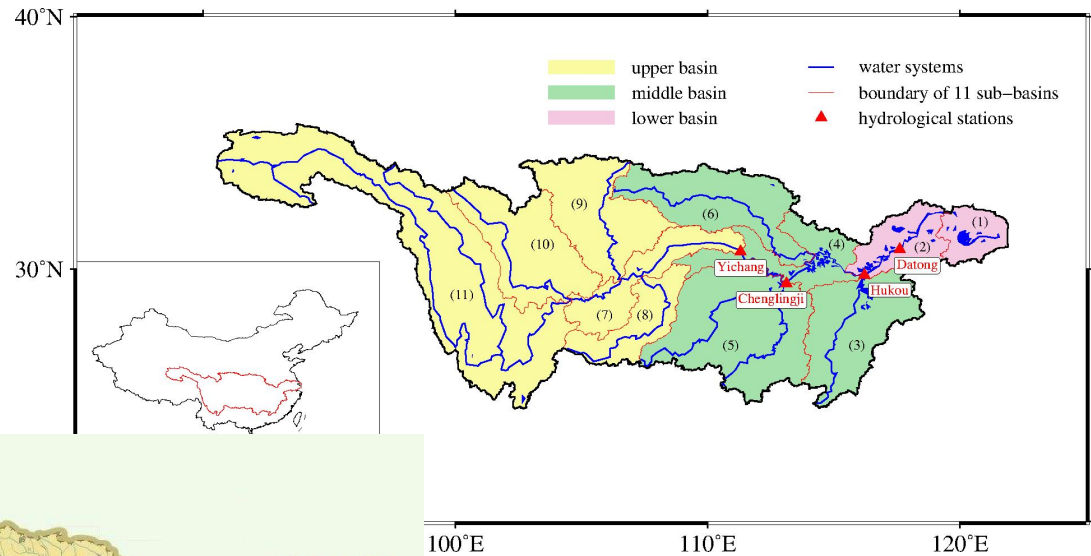


# Motivations



## » The Yangtze River Basin (YRB)

- 3 reaches and sub-basins
- 8 hydrological systems
- 11 sub-basins



# Motivations



## » The extreme weather events in YRB



2006 Chongqing



2010 Wenchuan



2011 Poyang Lake



2016 Wuhan

# Motivations

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- » How does the total water storage change in YRB
  - » How about the relations between TWSC and ENSO
  - » How does the ENSO influence TWSC in YRB
-

# Data and Methods



## » Data used

Data type	Data sources	Version	Resolution		Span
			Spatial	Temporal	
ET	GLEAM	V3.0b	0.5°×0.5°	daily	2003.1~2017.6
TWSC	GRACE CSR	RL05	-	monthly	2002.7~2017.6
	GRCTellus	CSR	1°×1°	monthly	2002.7~2017.6
Land surface model	GLDAS_Noah	V2.1	1°×1°	monthly	2002.7~2017.6
River discharge	Chenglingji	-	-	daily	2002.7~2017.6
	Datong	-	-	daily	2002.7~2017.6

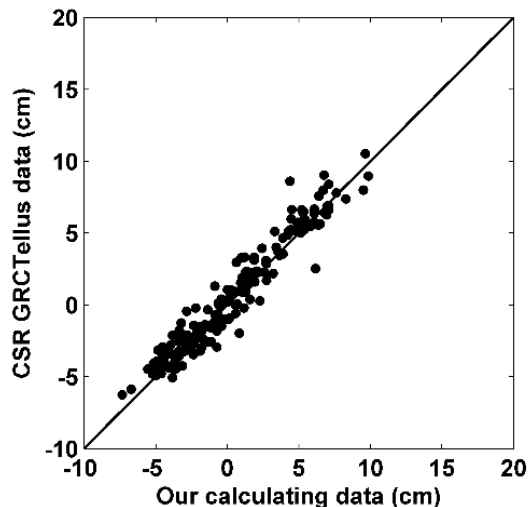
# Data and Methods



## » Terrestrial water storage change (TWSC) from GRACE

- degree 1 and C20 replaced
- fan filter with 250km
- decorrelation filter from Swenson
- scale factors by Landerer

$$\text{TWSC}(\theta, \lambda) = \frac{r\rho_a}{3\rho_w} \sum_{l=0}^{60} \sum_{m=0}^l W_{lm} \bar{P}_{lm}(\cos\theta) \frac{2l+1}{k_l+1} (\Delta\bar{C}_{lm} \cos m\lambda + \Delta\bar{S}_{lm} \sin m\lambda)$$



Compared to the CSR GRCTellus results

- $R^2$ , 0.93
- RMSE, 1.06cm



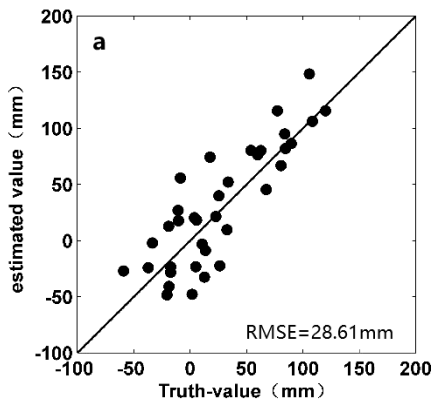
# Data and Methods



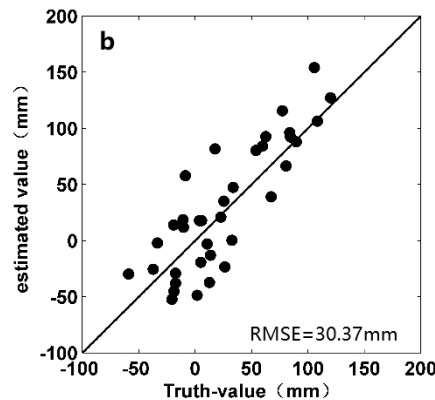
## » The missing monthly data interpolation

Year	2002 (Jul. – Dec.)	2003	2004- 2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 (Jan. – Jun.)
Missing months	-	Jun.	-	Jan., Jun.	May, Oct.	Mar., Aug., Sept.	Feb., Jul.	Jun., Oct., Nov.	May, Sept., Oct.	Feb.

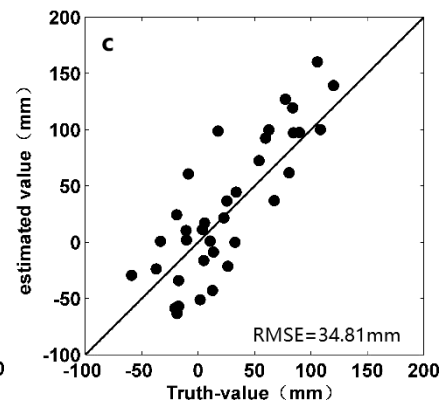
- based on 72 months (Jan 2005 to Dec 2010)
- 36 months are interpolated and compared to the truth (37 - 72)



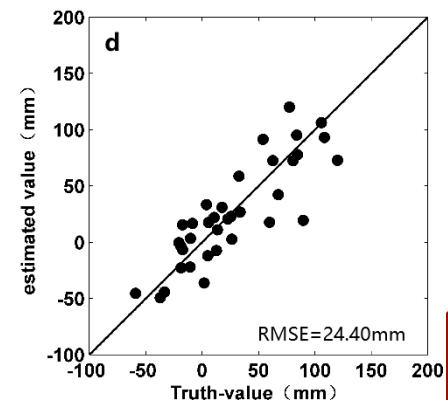
a) Linear interpolation



b) Cubic Hermite interpolation



c) Spline interpolation



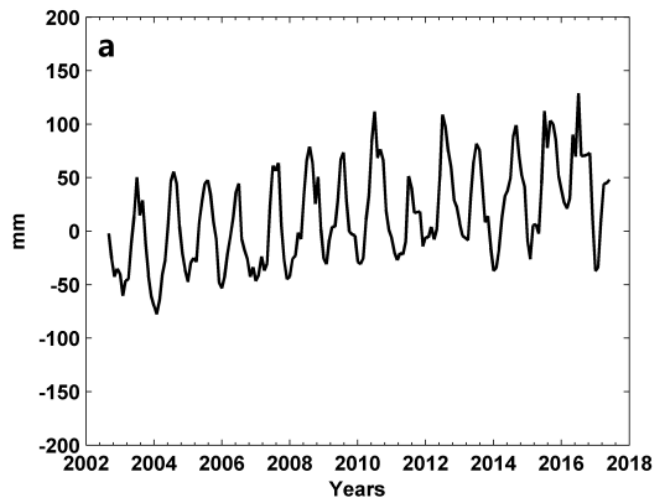
d) SSA method

# Data and Methods

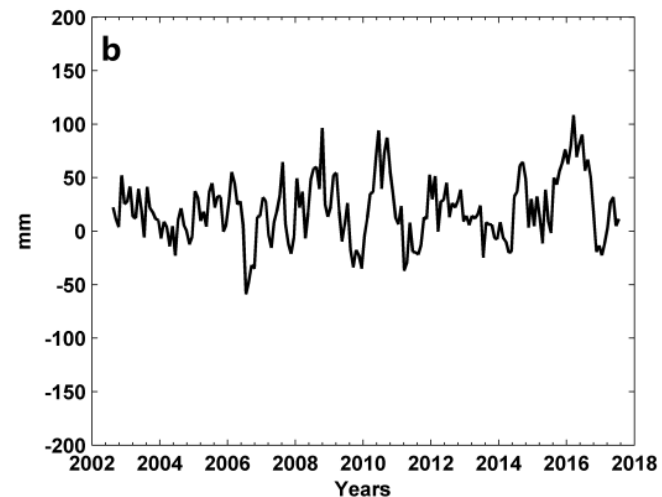


## » De-trended, de-seasoned monthly TWSC time series

- use SSA method to remove the non-linear trend
- use LSE method to remove the seasonal cycles



a) de-trended TWSC



b) de-seasoned TWSC (TWSA)

# Results



## » The relations between TWSA and ENSO

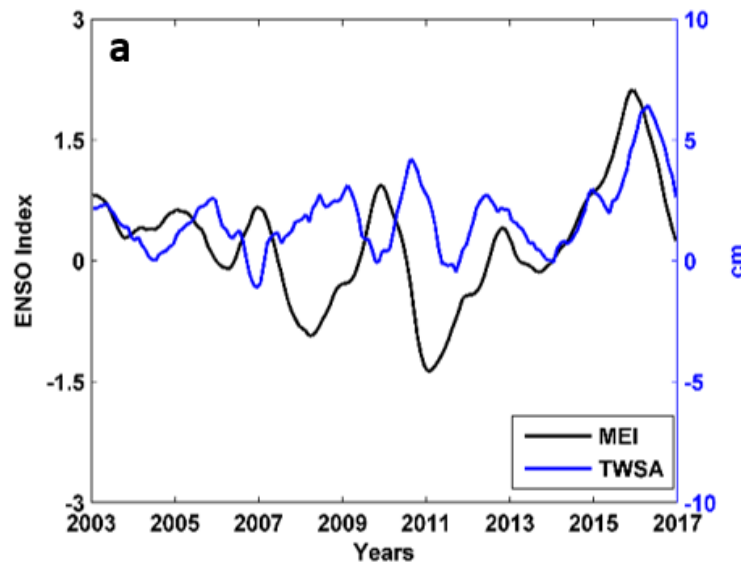
- MEI is selected to indicate the ENSO index
- 13-month moving-average filter applied
- different scales
  - Basin scale (the whole YRB)
  - Sub-basin scale (3 sub-basins or 11 sub-basins)
  - $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$  grid scale

# Results

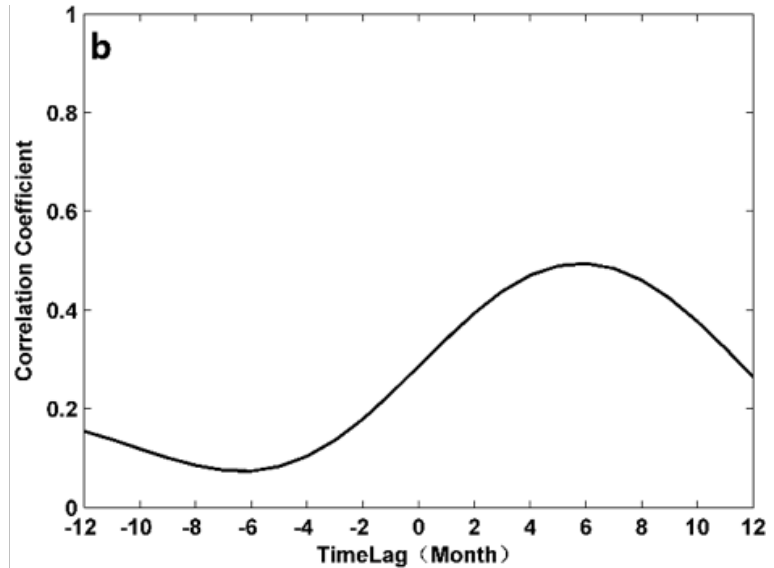


## » The relations between TWSA and ENSO

- Basin scale
  - R is 0.29
  - peak R is 0.53, with 6-month time lag



a) correlation coefficient



b) time lags

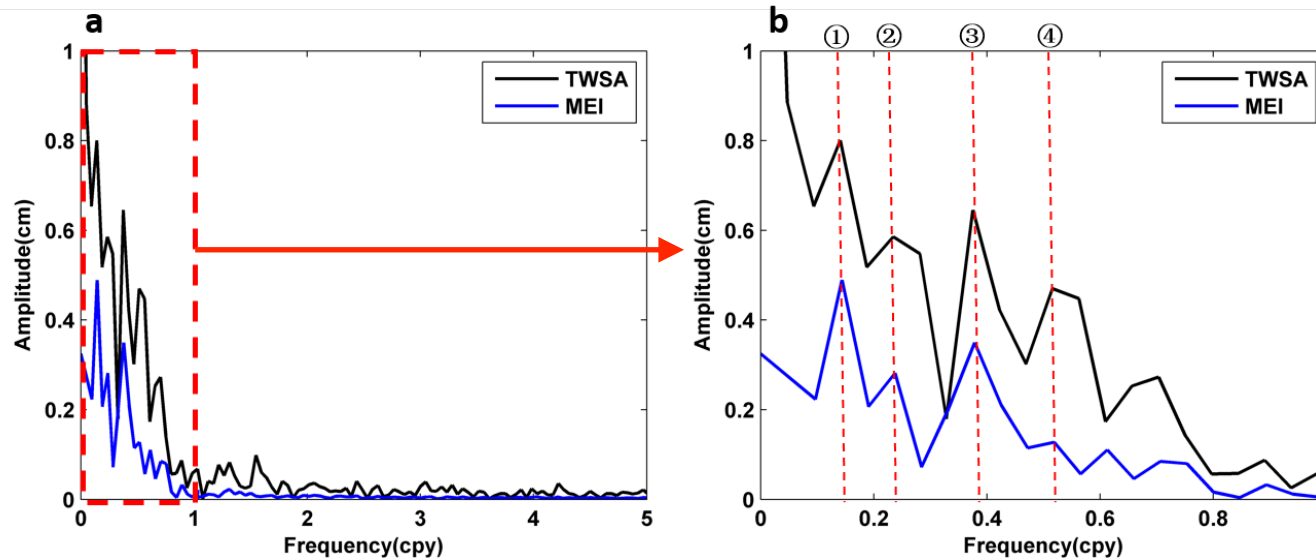
# Results



## » The relations between TWSA and ENSO

- Basin scale
  - FFT spectrum analysis

Type of time series	Number of significant periodic signals	Frequencies of all the significant signals in descending order of amplitude (cpy)			
MEI	4	① 0.15	③ 0.35	② 0.28	④ 0.52
TWSA	4	① 0.15	③ 0.35	② 0.28	④ 0.52



# Results



## » The relations between TWSA and ENSO

- Sub-basin scale
  - upper, middle and lower basins

### Correlation with ENSO

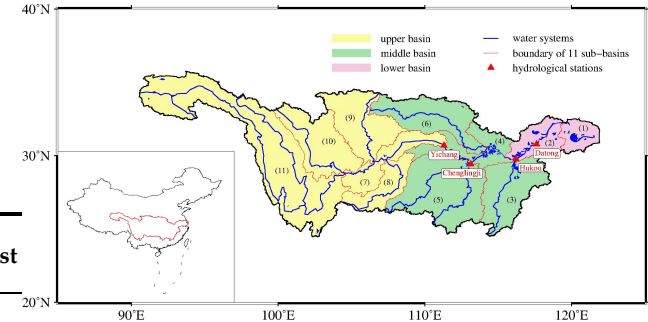
Sub-basins	Correlation coefficient	Cross-correlation peak value	ENSO-TWSA time lag	Correlation test
Upper YRB	0.29	0.51	8 months	Passed
Middle YRB	0.33	0.57	6 months	Passed
Lower YRB	0.28	0.58	6 months	Passed

# Results



## » The relations between TWSA and ENSO

- Sub-basin scale
  - 11 hydrological systems



lower

Sub-basins	Correlation coefficient	Cross-correlation peak value	ENSO-TWSA time lag	Correlation test
(1) Taihu Lake	0.32	0.65	5 months	Passed
(2) The lower reaches of the Yangtze River	0.31	0.57	5 months	Passed

middle

(3) Poyang Lake	0.51	0.61	6 months	Passed
(4) The middle reaches of the Yangtze River	0.43	0.63	6 months	Passed
(5) Dongting Lake	0.41	0.57	8 months	Passed

upper

(6) Hanjiang River	-0.12	0.20	9 months	Failed
(7) The upper reaches of the Yangtze River	0.11	0.42	10 months	Passed
(8) Wujiang River	0.39	0.55	8 months	Passed
(9) Jialing River	-0.13	0.16	9 months	Failed
(10) Mintuo River	-0.02	0.31	10 months	Passed
(11) Jinsha River	-0.11	0.32	11 months	Passed

From downstream to upstream

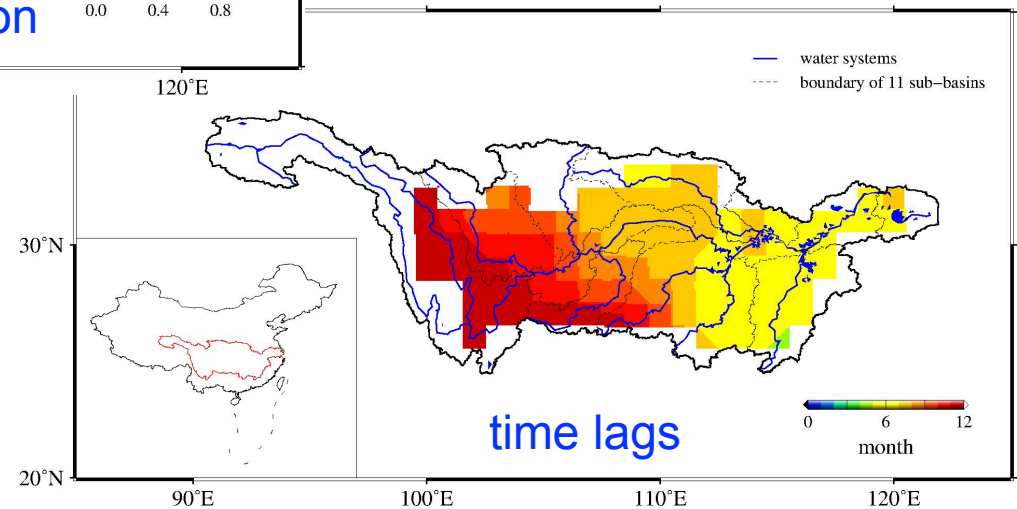
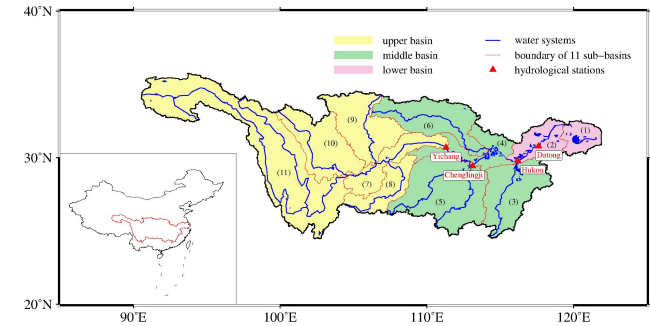
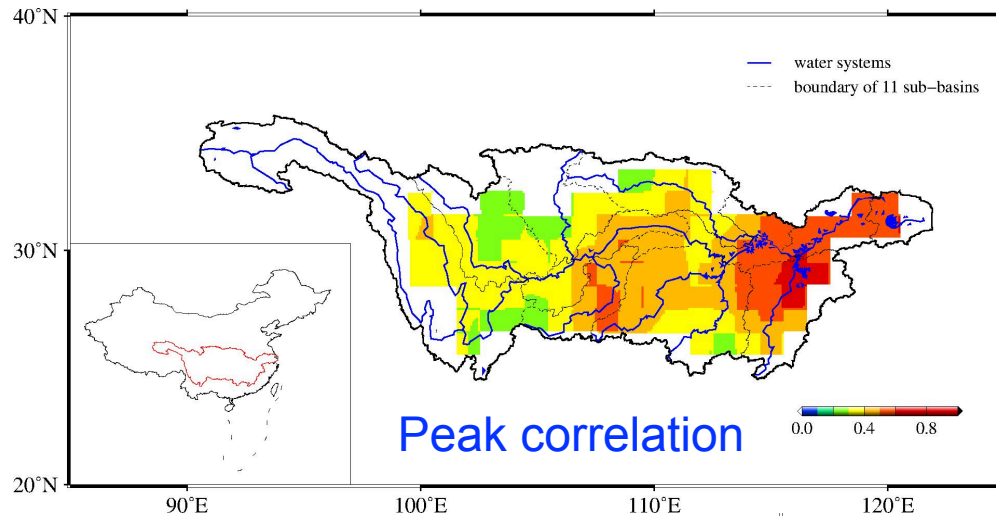
- peak R decrease
- time lag increase

# Results



## » The relations between TWSA and ENSO

- $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$  grid analysis



The grid cells failed to pass the correlation test had been eliminated



# Discussions



## » The lower links between ENSO and upper YRB

- the Jialing River, the Hanjiang River
- part of Mintuo River and Jinsha River
- Indian Ocean Dipole (Dipole Mode Index)

### Correlation between TWSA and IOD

YRB and its sub-basins	Correlation coefficient	Cross-correlation peak value	IOD-TWSA time lag	Correlation test
The YRB	-0.38	-0.41 <b>0.53</b>	2 months	Passed
The upper YRB	-0.47	-0.51 <b>0.51</b>	2 months	Passed
The middle YRB	-0.15	-0.19 <b>0.57</b>	2 months	Failed
The lower YRB	-0.13	-0.17 <b>0.58</b>	2 months	Failed

**ENSO**

# Discussions



## » The lower links between ENSO and upper YRB

- the Jialing River, the Hanjiang River
- part of Mintuo River and Jinsha River

### Correlation between TWSA and IOD in the upper YRB

Sub-basins	Correlation coefficient	Cross-correlation peak value	IOD-TWSA time lag	Correlation test
(6) Hanjiang River	-0.23	-0.32 <b>0.20</b>	2 months	Passed
(7) The upper reaches of the Yangtze River	-0.44	-0.50 <b>0.42</b>	2 months	Passed
(8) Wujiang River	-0.37	-0.41 <b>0.55</b>	2 months	Passed
(9) Jialing River	-0.39	-0.43 <b>0.16</b>	2 months	Passed
(10) Mintuo River	-0.59	-0.67 <b>0.31</b>	2 months	Passed
(11) Jinsha River	-0.42	-0.47 <b>0.32</b>	2 months	Passed

**ENSO**

# Discussions



## » The links between ENSO and TWSA

- water balance equation:  $d(TWSC)/dt = P - ET - R$
- same processing to P, ET and R with TWSA

### Correlations with ENSO

YRB and its sub-basins	Hydroclimatic data anomalies	Correlation coefficient	Cross-correlation peak value	Time lag	Correlation test
The YRB	P	0.42	0.54	5 months	Passed
	R	0.04	0.31	6 months	Passed
	ET	-0.02	-0.11	4 months	Failed
The upper YRB	P	0.18	0.30	7 months	Passed
	R	-0.10	0.19	8 months	Failed
	ET	-0.11	-0.12	3 months	Failed
The middle YRB	P	0.47	0.58	5 months	Passed
	R	0.24	0.43	6 months	Passed
	ET	0.06	-0.08	7 months	Failed
The lower YRB	P	0.37	0.40	5 months	Passed
	R	0.04	0.31	6 months	Passed
	ET	-0.01	-0.07	5 months	Failed

# Discussions



## » The links between ENSO and TWSA

- water balance equation:  $d(TWSC)/dt = P - ET - R$
- same processing to P, ET and R with TWSA

### Summary of time lags relations

YRB and its sub-basins	ENSO-TWSA	ENSO-precipitation	ENSO-runoff	Precipitation-TWSA	Runoff-TWSA
The YRB	6 months	5 months	6 months	1 month	0 months
The upper YRB	8 months	7 months	8 months	1 month	0 months
The middle YRB	6 months	5 months	6 months	1 month	0 months
The lower YRB	6 months	5 months	6 months	1 month	0 months

# Discussions



## » Possible links between ENSO and extreme weather

- four typical extreme weather events

Type of the extreme weather event	Occurrence time	Location
①Drought	Summer of 2006	Upper YRB
②Flood	Summer of 2010	Mid-lower YRB mainly
③Drought	Summer of 2011	Mid-lower YRB mainly
④Flood	Summer of 2016	Mid-lower YRB

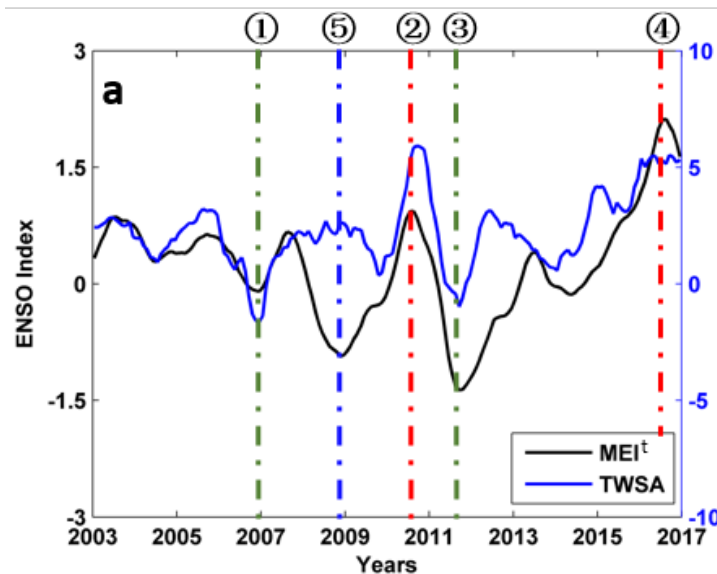
# Discussions



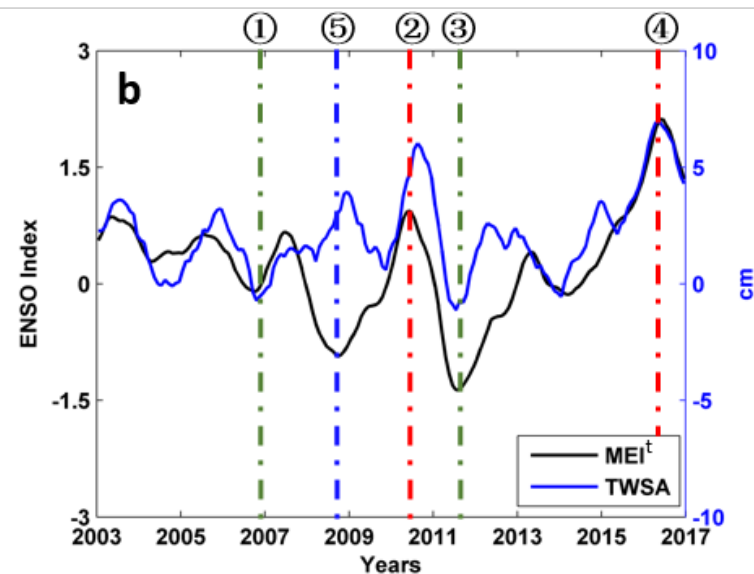
## » Possible links between ENSO and extreme weather

- four typical extreme weather events
- time lags and 13-month moving-average filter are applied on MEI ( $MEI^t$ )

### Correlation between TWSA and $MEI^t$



a) in the upper YRB



b) in the mid-lower YRB

# Conclusions

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- » ENSO has a significant influence on the TWSA in the YRB and its sub-basins but has time lags
  - » The influence of ENSO on TWSA decreases and the time lags increase from east to west and south to north in the YRB
  - » The precipitation and runoff changes, through the monsoon circulation changes, are found to be affected by ENSO, and explaining the influence of ENSO on TWSA
  - » The sub-basins in the upper YRB and the northwest corner of the middle YRB that are not significantly affected by ENSO have clear correlation with IOD
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Thank you!